1 2 3 4 5	JENNER & BLOCK LLP Andrew J. Thomas (Cal. Bar No. 110022 athomas@jenner.com Andrew G. Sullivan (Cal. Bar No. 30112 agsullivan@jenner.com 633 West 5th Street, Suite 3600 Los Angeles, CA 90071 Telephone: (213) 239-5100 Fax: (213) 239-5199	2)	
6 7 8 9 10	JENNER & BLOCK LLP Kenneth L. Doroshow (applying pro hac kdoroshow@jenner.com Devi M. Rao (applying pro hac vice) drao@jenner.com 1099 New York Avenue, NW, Suite 900 Washington, D.C. 20001 Telephone: (202) 639-6000 Fax: (202) 639-6066		
11	Attorneys for All Defendants		
12 13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
14	CENTRAL DISTRIC	T OF CALIFORNI	$\mathbf{A}$
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16	KEVIN RISTO, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	Case No. 2:18-cv-0'	7241
17	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANTS' N	OTICE OF
18	vs.	REMOVAL	
19 20	SCREEN ACTORS GUILD- AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TELEVISION AND RADIO	Complaint Filed: Complaint Served:	
21	ARTISTS, a Delaware corporation; AMERICAN FEDERATION OF MUSICIANS OF THE UNITED	[Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC710739]	
22	STATES AND CANADA, a California nonprofit corporation; RAYMOND M.		
23	HAIR, JR., an individual, as Trustee of the AFM and SAG-AFTRA Intellectual		
24	Property Rights Distribution Fund; TINO GAGLIARDI, an individual, as		
25	Trustee of the AFM and SAG-AFTRA Intellectual Property Rights		
26	Distribution Fund; DUNCAN CRABTREE-IRELAND, an individual,		
27	as Trustee of the AFM and SAG- AFTRA Intellectual Property Rights		
28	Distribution Fund; STEFANIE TAUB,		

an individual, as Trustee of the AFM 1 and SAG-AFTRA Intellectual Property Rights Distribution Fund; JON JOYCE, 2 an individual, as Trustee of the AFM 3 and SAG-AFTRA Intellectual Property Rights Distribution Fund; BRUCE BOUTON, an individual, as Trustee 4 of the AFM and SAG-AFTRA 5 Intellectual Property Rights Distribution Fund; and DOE DEFENDANTS 1-10, 6 7

Defendants.

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## TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT, ALL PARTIES, AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d)(2), 1441, 1446, and 1453, Defendants American Federation of Musicians of the United States and Canada ("AFM"), Raymond M. Hair, Jr., Tino Gagliardi, Duncan Crabtree-Ireland, Stefanie Taub, Jon Joyce, and Bruce Bouton hereby remove this action, Case No. BC 710739, from the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Los Angeles ("Superior Court") to the United States District Court for the Central District of California. Defendant Screen Actors Guild-American Federation of Television and Radio Artists ("SAG-AFTRA") consents to removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b).

As set forth below, removal is proper based on diversity of citizenship under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 ("CAFA"), 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332(d), 1453, because this case is a class action in which the putative class exceeds 100 members, at least one plaintiff is diverse from at least one defendant, and the amount in controversy exceeds \$5 million. Venue is proper in this Court because the plaintiff filed his Complaint in Los Angeles County Superior Court.

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#### FACTUAL BACKGROUND AND STATE COURT PROCEEDINGS

- 1. On June 22, 2018, plaintiff Kevin Risto ("Plaintiff") commenced an action in Los Angeles County Superior Court, styled *Kevin Risto*, *on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated v. Screen Actors Guild-American Federation of Television and Radio Artists, et al.*, Case No. BC 7101739 (the "Action"). A true and correct copy of the Summons and Complaint is attached hereto in Exhibit A ("Cplt").
- 2. Plaintiff's allegations relate to the administration of the AFM and SAG-AFTRA Intellectual Property Rights Distribution Fund (the "Fund"), an independent not-for-profit organization that collects and distributes royalties owed to non-featured musical performers pursuant to the Digital Performance Rights in Sound Records Act of 1995 and the Digital Millennium Copyright Act of 1998. Cplt. ¶¶ 1-4. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants breached their respective fiduciary duties in connection with the Fund's administration of royalties owed to a putative nationwide class of non-featured musicians (also known as session musicians) and non-featured vocalists (also known as session vocalists). *Id.* ¶¶ 11-23, 51-57. Plaintiff pleads three additional causes of action, based on the same set of allegations, for money had and received, declaratory relief, and conversion. *Id.* ¶¶ 58-73.
- 3. Plaintiff seeks compensatory damages, punitive damages, disgorgement, injunctive relief, pre- and post-judgment interest on any amounts awarded, as well as costs and attorneys' fees on behalf of himself and the putative nationwide class. *Id.* at p. 14.

### REMOVAL IS PROPER UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)

4. CAFA provides that federal courts have original jurisdiction over class actions in which (i) any plaintiff is diverse from any defendant; (ii) there are at least 100 members in the putative class; and (iii) the amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d). If

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§ 1446. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a), any such action may be removed to the district court for the district and division embracing the place where the action is

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pending.

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5. As demonstrated below, this Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this Action, and removal is proper, because the requirements of CAFA are satisfied.

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### The Parties Are Minimally Diverse

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CAFA's minimal diversity standard is satisfied when "any member of 6. a class of plaintiffs is a citizen of a State different from any defendant." 28 U.S.C.

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§ 1332(d)(2)(A) (emphasis added); accord Bridewell-Sledge v. Blue Cross of

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California, 798 F.3d 923, 928 (9th Cir. 2015) ("[U]nder CAFA, complete diversity

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is not required; 'minimal diversity' suffices."); see also Aguilar v. Courtyard

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Mgmt. Corp., No. 13-07181, 2014 WL 12597037, at \*2 (C.D. Cal. Jan. 13, 2014)

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(CAFA minimal diversity requirement satisfied where plaintiff was "a citizen of

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California – a different state than at least one defendant.").

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Plaintiff is a citizen of Clark County, Nevada. Cplt. ¶ 27. 7. Additionally, Plaintiff's complaint seeks relief on behalf of a "nationwide" class of

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plaintiffs, which class necessarily includes plaintiffs who are citizens of states

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other than California, Delaware, and New York. Cplt. ¶ 39.

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As Plaintiff acknowledges, Defendant SAG-AFTRA is incorporated under the laws of Delaware and is headquartered in California, and is therefore a

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citizen of both states. Cplt. ¶ 28; see also 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1) (providing that a

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corporation is a "citizen of any State by which it has been incorporated and of the

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State where it has its principal place of business"); see also Hertz Corp. v. Friend,

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559 U.S. 77, 92-93 (2010) (providing that a corporation's principal place of

27 28 business is the place where "a corporation's officers direct, control, and coordinate

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the corporation's activities," which is typically "the place where the corporation maintains its headquarters").

- 9. The minimal diversity requirement is satisfied here, because Plaintiff is a citizen of Nevada and is not a citizen of California or Delaware, and because the putative class includes individuals who are citizens of states other than California or Delaware. See Cplt. ¶¶ 2-4.
- While not required for removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332(c)(1), 10. Plaintiff is also diverse from Defendant AFM, which is incorporated under the laws of California and is headquartered in New York, and is therefore a citizen of both states. Furthermore, none of the individual defendants is a citizen of Nevada.

#### The Class Size Exceeds 100 Members

Plaintiff alleges there are "thousands of persons" in the putative 11. nationwide class. See Cplt. ¶ 41. This satisfies CAFA's numerosity requirement.

### The Amount in Controversy Exceeds \$5,000,000

- 12. Under CAFA, the "amount in controversy" includes compensatory damages, punitive damages, statutory damages, and attorneys' fees, among other forms of relief. See, e.g., Keeling v. Esurance Ins. Co., 660 F.3d 273 (7th Cir. 2011); Guglielmino v. McKee Foods Corp., 506 F.3d 696, 700 (9th Cir. 2007).
- Plaintiff alleges that during the five-year period since the Fund entered into an agreement with SAG-AFTRA and AFM on July 22, 2013, the Fund has been improperly paying SAG-AFTRA and AFM amounts that should have been distributed to the putative class members. *Id.* at  $\P$  11-23. Plaintiff alleges that the improperly distributed funds amounted to \$1,743,712.00 in the year 2016 alone. Id. at  $\P$  21. Plaintiff further alleges that as a result of this activity, Defendants are liable for actual damages "in excess of \$5,000,000" and that this number "continues to accrue." Id. at ¶ 59.
- Furthermore, the amount at issue alleged in the Complaint does not include additional unquantified punitive damages and attorney's fees sought by

damages are included in the calculation of CAFA's amount in controversy

requirement); Mejia v. Prologix Distribution Servs., LLC, No. 12-4840, 2012 WL

5522309, at \*2 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 14, 2012) (same for claimed entitlement to recover

6 attorneys' fees).

15. Because Plaintiff expressly alleges damages in excess of \$5,000,000, CAFA's amount in controversy requirement is necessarily satisfied. *See Guglielmino*, 506 F.3d at 699 ("[W]hen a complaint filed in state court alleges on its face an amount in controversy sufficient to meet the federal jurisdictional threshold, such requirement is presumptively satisfied unless it appears to a 'legal certainty' that the plaintiff cannot actually recover that amount.") (citing *Sanchez v. Monumental Life Ins. Co.*, 102 F.3d 398, 402 (9th Cir. 1996)); *see also Korn v. Polo Ralph Lauren Corp.*, 536 F. Supp. 2d 1199, 1205 (E.D. Cal. 2008) ("The ultimate inquiry is what amount is put 'in controversy' by the plaintiff's complaint, not what a defendant will actually owe.").

## **REMOVAL IS TIMELY**

- 16. Under 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b), notice of removal of a civil action must be filed within thirty (30) days of the date on which a defendant is served with a removable complaint. *See also Murphy Bros. v. Michetti Pipe Stringing, Inc.*, 526 U.S. 344, 354, 119 S. Ct. 1322, 1329 (1999). Where multiple defendants are served at different times, and a later-served defendant files a notice of removal, any earlier-served defendant may consent to the removal even though that earlier-served defendant did not previously initiate removal. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b)(2); *see also Destfino v. Reiswig*, 630 F3d 952, 956 (9th Cir. 2011).
- 17. Here, Plaintiff served SAG-AFTRA via substituted service on its agent for service of process on July 5, 2018. Plaintiff served AFM's agent for service of process on July 20, 2018. On the same day, Defendants Raymond M.

- 18. Defendants AFM, Raymond M. Hair, Jr., Tino Gagliardi, Duncan Crabtree-Ireland, Stefanie Taub, Jon Joyce, and Bruce Bouton are within the 30-day period following service within which they are entitled to file this Notice of Removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b). Defendant SAG-AFTRA consents to removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(b)(2).
- 19. Defendants are not aware of the existence of or service on any "Doe" defendant; consequently, no further consent to removal is required. *See Emrich v. Touche Ross & Co.*, 846 F.2d 1190, 1193 n.1 (9th Cir. 1988); *Salveson v. Western States Bankcard Ass'n*, 731 F.2d 1423, 1429 (9th Cir. 1984).

#### **VENUE IS PROPER**

20. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a), this Notice of Removal is filed in the District Court of the United States in which the action is pending. The action is pending in Los Angeles County Superior Court, located within the Central District of California, Western Division. 28 U.S.C. § 84(c)(2). Therefore, venue is proper in this Court because it is the district and division embracing the place where such action is pending. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391, 1441(a).

## REMAINING REMOVAL PREREQUISITES HAVE BEEN SATISFIED

- 21. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), Exhibits A through G include all process, pleadings, and orders that have been filed in this matter:
- (a) Attached hereto as <u>Exhibit A</u> are true and correct copies of the Complaint, Civil Case Cover Sheet, Civil Case Cover Sheet Addendum and Statement of Location, and Summons filed by Plaintiff on June 22, 2018.

located at 8648 Wilshire Blvd., Beverly Hills, CA 90211; and (ii) Johnson &

Johnson LLP, located at 439 North Canon Drive, Suite 200, Beverly Hills, CA

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- F. 3d 791, 795 (9th Cir. 1996)); see also Granny Goose Foods, Inc. v. B'hood of

- 23. A copy of this Notice of Removal will also be filed with the Clerk of Los Angeles County Superior Court immediately following its filing in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d).
- 24. Defendants have made no previous application for this or similar relief.
- 25. This Notice of Removal is filed subject to and with full reservation of rights by the Defendants. No admission of fact, law, or liability is intended by this Notice of Removal, and all defenses, motions, and pleas are expressly reserved.

# **DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE TO THE COMPLAINT IS DUE NO EARLIER THAN SEPTEMBER 17, 2018**

- 26. Generally, "[a] defendant who did not answer before removal must answer or present other defenses or objections under these rules within . . . 7 days after notice of removal is filed." Fed. R. Civ. P. 8l(c).
- 27. By statute, however, "[a]ll . . . orders . . . in such action prior to its removal shall remain in full force and effect until dissolved or modified by the district court." 28 U.S.C. § 1450.
- what has been done in the state court prior to removal." Butner v. Neustadter, 324 F.2d 783, 785 (9th Cir. 1963) (citations and quotations omitted). "The federal court takes the case as it finds it on removal and treats everything that occurred in the state court as if it had taken place in federal court." Id. Thus, after removal, "all existing orders—including rulings on discovery and extensions of time to

"The federal rules apply after removal and neither add to nor abrogate

W. Inv. Real Estate Trust, No. CVF 08-1050 LJO SMS, 2008 WL 4532522, at \* 1

plead—remain in effect until modified by the federal court." Team Enters., LLC v.

- (E.D. Cal. Oct. 8, 2008) (citing Jenkins v. Commonwealth Land Title Ins. Co., 95
- Teamsters & Auto Truck Drivers Local No. 70, 415 U.S. 423, 436 (1974) ("In